

Consolidated Financial Statements and Report of Independent Certified Public Accountants

BRAILLE INSTITUTE OF AMERICA, INC. (A California Nonprofit Corporation)

June 30, 2014

(With Summarized Comparative Financial Information for the Year Ended June 30, 2013)

Contents

	Page
Report of Independent Certified Public Accountants	1
Consolidated Statement of Financial Position	3
Consolidated Statement of Activities	4
Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows	5
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements	6



Report of Independent Certified Public Accountants

Audit - Tax - Advisory

Grant Thornton LLP
515 South Flower Street, 7th Floor
Los Angeles, CA 90071-2201

T 213.627.1717
F 213.624.6793
www.GrantThornton.com

Board of Directors Braille Institute of America, Inc.

Report on the financial statements

We have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of the Braille Institute of America, Inc. (the "Institute"), which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as of June 30, 2014, and the related consolidated statements of activities and cash flows for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

Management's responsibility for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these consolidated financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the Institute's preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Institute's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion.



An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Braille Institute of America, Inc. as of June 30, 2014, and the changes in their net assets and their cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other matters

Report on 2013 summarized comparative information

Grant Thornton LLP

We have previously audited the Institute's 2013 consolidated financial statements, and we expressed an unmodified audit opinion on those audited consolidated financial statements in our report dated September 20, 2013. In our opinion, the accompanying summarized comparative information as of and for the year ended June 30, 2013 is consistent, in all material respects, with the audited financial statements from which it has been derived.

Los Angeles, California

September 5, 2014

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

As of June 30, 2014 (With Summarized Comparative Financial Information for the Year Ended June 30, 2013) (In Thousands)

	2014		2013		
ASSETS					
Cash and cash equivalents (Note 2)	\$	2,020	\$ 3,819		
Marketable investment securities (Note 3)		116,255	103,479		
Investments in gift annuity contracts (Note 3)		7,695	7,588		
Contributions receivable (Note 5)		318	381		
Accounts receivable		201	422		
Prepaid expenses and inventories		108	192		
Long-term other investments (Note 6)		205	205		
Beneficial interest in trusts		1,874	1,757		
Other assets		417	417		
Land, buildings and equipment, net (Note 7)		32,574	 33,121		
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	161,667	\$ 151,381		
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS					
Liabilities					
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$	2,807	\$ 2,551		
Pension liabilities (Note 9)		221	3,428		
Gift annuity liabilities and benefit payments		4,707	5,009		
Total liabilities		7,735	10,988		
Net assets					
Unrestricted		126,272	112,368		
Temporarily restricted		14,762	15,296		
Permanently restricted		12,898	12,729		
Total net assets		153,932	140,393		
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS	\$	161,667	\$ 151,381		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended June 30, 2014 (With Summarized Comparative Financial Information for the Year Ended June 30, 2013) (In Thousands)

	2014				
		Temporarily	Permanently		2013
	Unrestricted	Restricted	Restricted	Total	Total
Operating: Revenues: Public support and other revenues					
Public support: Bequests	\$ 5,802	\$ 1,611	\$ -	\$ 7,413	\$ 11,162
Trusts	348	27	-	375	368
Contributions	1,845	2,226		4,071	4,747
Total public support	7,995	3,864		11,859	16,277
Other revenues:					
Investment income	7,201	14	-	7,215	5,554
State library appropriation	52	794	-	794 52	776 45
Rent and miscellaneous Braille Challenge Grant	194	-	-	194	43 37
Total other revenues		808		8,255	6,412
	7,447	000		6,233	0,412
Net assets released from restrictions:		4			
State library	794 4,360	(794) (4,360)	-	-	-
Program and time restrictions	4,300				
Total revenues	20,596	(482)	-	20,114	22,689
Expenses:					
Program services:	10.000			10.000	10.005
Educational programs and services Library services	13,233 3,059	-	-	13,233 3,059	13,005 3,023
Braille publishing, net of revenue of	3,033			3,033	3,023
\$1 in 2014 and \$36 in 2013	999	-	-	999	1,108
Depreciation expense	1,315			1,315	1,452
Total program servcies	18,606			18,606	18,588
Supporting services:					
Administration	918	-	-	918	859
General operations Philanthropy (fund-raising)	1,686 3,346	-	-	1,686 3,346	1,775 2,745
Public education	1,139	-	-	1,139	1,459
Depreciation expense	138			138	94
Total supporting services	7,227		-	7,227	6,932
Total expenses	25,833			25,833	25,520
Total change in net assets from operating					
activities	(5,237)	(482)	_	(5,719)	(2,831)
Nonoperating:	(3,231)	(242)		(5,125)	(-,)
Realized and unrealized investment gains (losses), net	16,572	(52)	169	16,689	7,296
Change in pension liability	3,020	-	-	3,020	2,946
Change in value of beneficial interests	(451)	-	-	(451)	(442)
Total change in net assets from nonoperating					
activities	19,141	(52)	169	19,258	9,800
Total change in net assets	13,904	(534)	169	13,539	6,969
Net assets at beginning of year	112,368	15,296	12,729	140,393	133,424
Net assets at end of year	\$ 126,272	\$ 14,762	\$ 12,898	\$ 153,932	\$ 140,393

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

For the year ended June 30, 2014 (With Summarized Comparative Financial Information for the Year Ended June 30, 2013) (In Thousands)

	2014	 2013
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Changes in net assets	\$ 13,539	\$ 6,969
Adjustments to reconcile change in net assets to net cash		
used in operating activities:		
Depreciation	1,453	1,546
Change in pension liability	(3,207)	(3,278)
Investments acquired through stock donation	(628)	(11)
(Increase) decrease in beneficial interest	(117)	50
Actuarial adjustment for gift annuities	593	1,066
Unrealized (gain) loss on investments	(15,669)	4,470
Realized gain on investments	(964)	(11,785)
Loss (gain) on sale of other assets	61	(31)
Contributions for long-term investment in gift annuity contracts Changes in operating assets and liabilities: Decrease (increase) in accounts receivable, prepaid	(317)	(1,392)
expense and inventories	305	(71)
Decrease in contributions receivable	63	526
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and accrued expenses	 256	 (184)
Net cash used in operating activities	 (4,632)	 (2,125)
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Decrease in other assets	7	49
Capital improvements and purchases of equipment and land	(906)	(5,202)
Purchases of investments Proceeds from sale of investments	(15,676) 19,986	(105,047) 113,295
Proceeds from sale of investments	 19,900	 113,293
Net cash provided by investing activities	 3,411	 3,095
Cash flows from financing activities:		
Contributions of gift annuity contracts	317	1,392
Payments of gift annuity contracts	 (895)	 (833)
Net cash (used in) provided by financing activities	 (578)	 559
Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents	(1,799)	1,529
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	 3,819	2,290
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$ 2,020	\$ 3,819
Supplemental Cash Flow Information		
Non-cash gifts - securities received	\$ 628	\$ 11

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended June 30, 2014 (In Thousands)

NOTE 1 - INSTITUTE AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Institute

Braille Institute of America, Inc. (the "Institute") is a private, nonprofit institute offering its programs and services at no charge to legally blind men, women and children of all ages. Its educational training, programs and services are directed toward one primary objective – helping those who have lost or never had the gift of sight to lead full, productive lives.

The Institute receives financial support through individual contributions, bequests and foundation grants. Community groups also assist significantly through sponsorship of many events and activities.

Basis of Reporting

The consolidated financial statements include the Institute and Braille Institute of America, Inc. Charitable Gift Annuity Fund (the "Fund") and beneficial interests in charitable trusts.

Basis of Accounting

The accompanying consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("US GAAP").

Net Assets

The Institute reports information regarding its financial position and activities according to three classes of net assets: unrestricted net assets temporarily restricted net assets and permanently restricted net assets.

Unrestricted Net Assets

Unrestricted net assets are not subject to donor-imposed stipulations. The only limits on unrestricted net assets are the broad limits resulting from the nature of the Institute and the purposes specified in its articles of incorporation or bylaws and, perhaps, limits resulting from contractual agreements. Unrestricted net assets include Board-designated funds and realized and unrealized investment gains and losses.

Temporarily Restricted Net Assets

These are net assets resulting from contributions and other inflows of assets whose use by the Institute is limited by donor-imposed stipulations that expire by passage of time or can be fulfilled and removed by actions of the Institute pursuant to those stipulations. All temporarily restricted net assets are available for general time restrictions related to program activities.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

For the year ended June 30, 2014 (In Thousands)

NOTE 1 - INSTITUTE AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

Net Assets (continued)

Permanently Restricted Net Assets

These are net assets resulting from contributions and other inflows of assets whose use by the Institute is limited by donor-imposed stipulations that neither expire by passage of time nor can be fulfilled or otherwise removed by actions of the institute. All permanently restricted net assets are available for endowment.

Non-Operating

Non-operating revenues and expenses include all realized and unrealized gains and losses on investments, change in value of beneficial interest in trusts, change in the pension liability, and grants for infrastructure improvements. All other activity is classified as operating revenue and expense.

Donated Services

Many individuals have donated time and services to advance the Institute's programs and objectives. In some instances, the value of these services has not been recorded in the consolidated financial statements because they do not meet the requirements for recognition under US GAAP. While the value of donated labor is not reflected in the accompanying consolidated financial statements, the financial results of fund-raising and other activities are included.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Short-term investments with an original maturity of three months or less at the time of purchase are considered to be cash equivalents. Short-term investments with an original maturity greater than three months are included in investments. Cash and cash equivalents are reported at cost, which approximates fair value. The Institute maintains cash in various financial institutions that periodically, and as of year-end, exceeds federally insured limits of \$250. Management does not consider this concentration to be a significant credit risk. Certain items which meet the definition of cash equivalents but are part of a larger pool of investments are included in marketable investment securities.

Marketable Investment Securities

Marketable investment securities include equity securities, money market funds and bond mutual funds, are valued at fair value. Interest and dividends are accrued as earned or declared. Investments which are valued at net asset value ("NAV") do not have any future commitments, redemption or lock up periods.

Investments in Gift Annuity Contracts

Investments in gift annuity contracts include U.S. Treasury bills and government bonds with maturities of one year or more. These investments are valued at fair value. The fair values of investments in securities traded on national securities exchanges are valued at the closing price

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

For the year ended June 30, 2014 (In Thousands)

NOTE 1 - INSTITUTE AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

Investments in Gift Annuity Contracts (continued)

on the last business day of the fiscal year; securities traded on the over-the-counter market are valued at the last reported bid price.

Inventories

Inventories consist of store merchandise and press department materials. Inventories are valued at the lower of cost or market on a first-in, first-out ("FIFO") basis.

Long-Term Other Investments

Long-term other investments are carried at the lower of cost or market value, except for oil and gas lease rights, which are carried at nominal values due to uncertainties inherent in any valuation of future royalty revenues.

In accordance with Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") 958, *Not-for-Profit Entities: Scope – Investments*, the Institute records all in-kind donations at their fair value at the time of donation and the Institute continues to report in-kind donations at their carrying value or cost, including oil and gas interests.

Impairment of Long-Lived Assets

Management reviews each asset or asset group for impairment whenever events or circumstances indicate that the carrying value of an asset or asset group may not be recoverable. The review of recoverability is based on management's estimate of the undiscounted future cash flows that are expected to result from the asset's use and eventual disposition. These cash flows consider factors such as expected future operating income, trends and prospects, as well as, the effects of competition and other factors. If an impairment event exists due to the projected inability to recover the carrying value of an asset or asset group, an impairment loss is recognized to the extent that the carrying value exceeds estimated fair value. No impairment was recorded by the Institute during fiscal year 2014.

Beneficial Interest in Trusts

The Institute is also a beneficiary of irrevocable split-interest agreements, consisting primarily of charitable remainder trusts and charitable lead trusts administered by other trustees. A receivable is recorded at the estimated fair value of the amount held by the trustee that is due to the Institute. The Institute uses an interest rate commensurate with the risks involved to discount the contribution receivable. The amortization of this discount and changes in assumptions are reflected in the consolidated statement of activities as a change in value of beneficial interest.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

For the year ended June 30, 2014 (In Thousands)

NOTE 1 - INSTITUTE AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

Land, Buildings and Equipment

Additions to land, buildings and equipment are recorded at cost. Donated assets are recorded at fair value at the time of donation. Fixed assets are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation.

Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets, forty years for the building, generally three to ten years for furniture, equipment and vehicles. The Institute's policy is to capitalize all asset improvements in excess of \$5 that extend the useful life or increase the utility of the property.

Taxes

The Institute was organized pursuant to the General Nonprofit Corporation Law of the State of California. The Institute has been recognized by the Internal Revenue Service as an organization that is exempt from federal income taxes under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code. The Institute has also been recognized by the California Franchise Tax Board as an organization that is exempt from California franchise and income taxes under Section 23701d of the California Revenue and Taxation Code. However, the Institute is subject to income taxes on income that is derived from a trade or business, regularly carried on, and not in furtherance of the purposes for which it was granted exemption. Since the Institute had no obligation for unrelated business income tax for the year ended June 30, 2014, no provisions for federal or state income taxes are required.

Tax positions taken related to the Institute's tax exempt status, unrelated business activities taxable income and deductibility of expenses and other miscellaneous tax positions have been reviewed, and management is of the opinion that material positions taken by the Institute would more likely than not be sustained by examination. Accordingly, the Institute has not recorded an income tax liability for uncertain tax benefits as of June 30, 2014 and no material change is anticipated for the 12 months following June 30, 2014. As of June 30, 2014, the Institute's tax years ending June 30, 2009 through June 30, 2014 remain subject to examination.

Summarized Information

The consolidated financial statements include certain prior-year summarized consolidated financial information in total, but not by net asset category. Such information does not include sufficient detail to constitute a presentation in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Accordingly, such information should be read in conjunction with the Institute's consolidated financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2013, from which the summarized information was derived.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

For the year ended June 30, 2014 (In Thousands)

NOTE 1 - INSTITUTE AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

Use of Estimates

The preparation of the consolidated financial statements in conformity with US GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the consolidated financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses. While management believes that these estimates are adequate as of June 30, 2014, it is possible that actual results could differ from those estimates.

Functional Expense Reporting

The costs of providing program and supporting services have been summarized by function, based on estimates developed by management.

Accounts Receivable Valuation

Accounts receivable are considered by management to be fully collectible.

Revenue and Expense Recognition

Contributions, including unconditional promises to give, are recognized as revenue in the period received and are reported as increases in the appropriate class of net assets. Contributions where donor restrictions are met within the same fiscal year as the contribution is received are included in unrestricted net assets. Conditional promises to give are not recognized until they become unconditional, that is, when the conditions on which they depend are substantially met. Contributions of assets other than cash are recorded at their estimated fair value. Contributions to be received after one year are discounted at an appropriate discount rate.

An allowance for uncollectible contributions is estimated based upon such factors as prior collection history, type of contribution and nature of fundraising activity. Expenses are recognized when incurred.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

In May 2011, the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") 2011-04, Fair Value Measurements – Amendments to Achieve Common Fair Value Measurement and Disclosure Requirements in U.S. GAAP and IFRSs. ASU 2011-04 changes the wording used to describe many requirements for measuring fair value and for disclosing information about fair value measurements. Additionally, the amendments clarify the FASB's intent about the application of existing fair value measurement requirements. The guidance was adopted by the Institute during the year ended June 30, 2013, and did not have a material impact on its consolidated financial statements.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

For the year ended June 30, 2014 (In Thousands)

NOTE 1 - INSTITUTE AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

Recent Accounting Pronouncements (continued)

In October 2012, the FASB issued ASU 2012-05, Statement of Cash Flows (Topic 230), Not-for-Profit Entities: Classification of the Sale Proceeds of Donated Financial Assets in the Statement of Cash Flows. The amendments in the update require not-for-profit entities to classify cash receipts from the sale of donated financial assets consistently with cash donations received in the statement of cash flows if those cash receipts were from the sale and were converted nearly immediately into cash. The adoption of ASU 2012-05 is effective prospectively for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2013; however, retrospective application to all prior periods presented upon the date of adoption is permitted. The adoption of ASU 2012-05 did not have a material effect on the Institute's consolidated financial statements.

NOTE 2 - CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

A summary of the composition of cash and cash equivalents follows:

	June 30,				
		2014	2013		
Interest-bearing accounts	\$	538	\$	3,387	
Non-interest bearing accounts		1,476		426	
Petty cash		6		6	
Total	\$	2,020	\$	3,819	

NOTE 3 - MARKETABLE INVESTMENT SECURITIES AND INVESTMENTS IN GIFT ANNUITY CONTRACTS

A summary of the composition of the Institute's marketable investment securities follows:

	June 30,				
		2014		2013	
Fixed income funds	\$	27,368	\$	21,821	
Real estate		10,531		7,367	
Equity securities		78,303		72,444	
Money market funds		53		1,847	
Total	\$	116,255	\$	103,479	

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

For the year ended June 30, 2014 (In Thousands)

NOTE 3 - MARKETABLE INVESTMENT SECURITIES AND INVESTMENTS IN GIFT ANNUITY CONTRACTS - Continued

A summary of the composition of investments in gift annuity contracts follows:

	June 30,				
	2014	2	2013		
Fixed income funds	\$ 2,534	\$	2,838		
Equity securities	4,953		4,493		
Money market funds	208		257		
Total	\$ 7,695	\$	7,588		

The Institute holds significant investments in the form of fixed-income and equity securities. Market risk is the risk of a decline in the fair value of the investment portfolio due to adverse financial market conditions. The Institute is exposed to market risk for the total amount of the investments.

NOTE 4 - FAIR VALUE OF INVESTMENTS

The Institute accounts for its investments at fair value. ASC 820, *Fair Value Measurements*, defines fair value, establishes a framework used to measure fair value, and expands disclosures about fair value measurements. This standard prioritizes, within the measurement of fair value, the use of market-based information over entity-specific information and establishes a three-level hierarchy for fair value measurement based on the transparency of information, such as the pricing source, used in the valuation of an asset or liability as of the measurement date.

Investments measured and reported at fair value are classified and disclosed in one of the following categories:

Level 1 – Quoted prices in active markets for identical investments as of the reporting date, without adjustment. The types of investments in Level 1 include listed equities held in the name of the Institute and exclude listed equities and other securities held indirectly through commingled funds.

Level 2 – Valuations based on inputs, including broker quotes, in markets that are not active or for which all significant inputs are either directly or indirectly observable for similar assets or liabilities as of the reporting date.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

For the year ended June 30, 2014 (In Thousands)

NOTE 4 - FAIR VALUE OF INVESTMENTS - Continued

Level 3 – Valuations based on inputs that are both significant to the fair value measurement and unobservable, as they trade infrequently and therefore have little or no price transparency. These inputs into the determination of fair value require significant management judgment or estimation and typical investments of the category are privately held investments and partnership interests.

The determination of where an asset or liability falls in the hierarchy requires significant judgment. The Institute evaluates its hierarchy disclosures each reporting period and based on various factors, it is possible that an asset or liability may be classified differently from period to period. However, the Institute expects that changes in classifications between different levels will be rare.

The Institute's valuation methodologies used for mutual funds measured at fair value is based on NAV of shares held by the Institute at year end. There have been no changes in the methodologies used at June 30, 2014.

Mutual funds – Valued at the daily closing price as reported by the fund. The funds and accounts held by the Institute are open-end mutual funds that are registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission. These funds and accounts are required to publish their daily net asset value ("NAV") and to transact at that price. The funds and accounts held by the Institute are deemed to be actively traded. The money market funds are valued at the NAV of shares held by the Institute at year end. The funds attempt to stabilize the NAV of its shares at \$1.00 by valuing the portfolio securities using the amortized cost method. The funds calculate a market-based NAV per share on a periodic basis. The funds do not guarantee that its NAV will always remain at \$1.00 per share. Shares can be redeemed on a same day basis but only directly from the funds. Such transactions do not constitute an active market. Therefore, the funds are classified as Level 2.

Separately managed accounts – Valued at the daily closing price as reported by the investment manager. To the extent that they are actively traded at a securities exchange, they are valued at quoted prices from the applicable exchange and are classified as Level 1. To the extent that valuation adjustments are applied to these securities, they are classified as Level 2.

Alternative investment – Valued based on NAV per share (or its equivalent) of the underlying fund as provided by the investment manager.

The preceding method described may produce a fair value calculation that may not be indicative of net realizable value or reflective of future fair values.

Furthermore, although the Institute believes its valuation methods are appropriate and consistent with other market participants, the use of different methodologies or assumptions to determine the fair value of certain financial instruments could result in a different fair value measurement at the reporting date.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

For the year ended June 30, 2014 (In Thousands)

NOTE 4 - FAIR VALUE OF INVESTMENTS - Continued

The following table summarizes the valuation of the Institute's investments by the ASC 820 fair value hierarchy levels as of June 30, 2014:

Asset class	Level 1		Level 2		Level 3		Total	
Mutual funds / exchange traded funds: Money market funds (a)	\$	-	\$	261	\$	-	\$	261
Equity - international (b)	3	4,886		-		-		34,886
Equity - small-mid cap domestic (c)		934		-		-		934
Equity - large cap domestic (d)	4	6,737		-		-		46,737
Equity - real estate (e)	1	1,227		-		-		11,227
Fixed income - domestic (f)	2	9,902		-		-		29,902
Separately managed accounts:								
Equity - large cap domestic (d)		3						3
	\$ 12	3,689	\$	261	\$	-	\$	123,950

The following table summarizes the valuation of the Institute's investments by the ASC 820 fair value hierarchy levels as of June 30, 2013:

Asset class	Level 1	_ <u>I</u>	Level 2	Le	evel 3	 Total
Mutual funds / exchange traded funds:						
Money market funds (a)	\$ -	\$	2,104	\$	-	\$ 2,104
Equity - international (b)	24,762		-		-	24,762
Equity - small-mid cap domestic (c)	837		-		-	837
Equity - large cap domestic (d)	35,387		-		-	35,387
Equity - real estate (e)	8,081		-		-	8,081
Fixed income - domestic (f)	24,659		-		-	24,659
Separately managed accounts:						
Equity - large cap domestic (d)	84		-		=	84
Alternative investment:						
Hedge fund / real assets (g)					15,153	15,153
	\$ 93,810	\$	2,104	\$	15,153	\$ 111,067
				-		

⁽a) Money market funds – Money market funds seek to provide current income while maintaining liquidity and a stable per share price.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

For the year ended June 30, 2014 (In Thousands)

NOTE 4 - FAIR VALUE OF INVESTMENTS - Continued

- (b) Equity international Comprised of mutual funds investing in equity securities of non-U.S. companies. While generally limited in their use, the funds may invest in derivative securities.
- (c) Equity small-mid cap domestic Comprised of mutual funds investing in common stocks of U.S. companies with market capitalizations similar to companies in the Russell 2500 Index.
- (d) Equity large cap domestic Comprised primarily of common stocks and mutual funds of U.S. companies with market capitalizations similar to companies in the Russell 1000 Index.
- (e) Equity real estate The Fund seeks to provide income and capital growth by investing primarily in publicly traded securities issued by real estate investment trusts.
- (f) Fixed income domestic Comprised of mutual funds investing in fixed income instruments of varying maturities issued primarily by U.S. public and private-sector entities and secondarily by non-U.S. entities. Fixed income instruments include investment grade bonds and high yield securities but may also be represented by derivatives including forwards, options, futures, swaps and asset-backed securities. Securities of varying maturities are permitted as well as those denominated in currencies other than the c dollar.
- (g) Hedge fund / real assets The investment objective is to seek capital appreciation by creating a diversified portfolio of private market strategies, including investments selected by third party investment managers. The allocation will include exposure to a mix of absolute return and long-short strategies. These may include, but are not limited to: event arbitrage, distressed, convertible arbitrage, fixed income arbitrage, U.S. equity long-short, short selling and /or global/ international equity long-short.

The changes in investments classified as Level 3 for the year ended June 30, 2014 and 2013 are as follows:

	2014			2013		
Beginning balance	\$	15,153	\$	27,817		
Purchases		-		7,083		
Sales		(15,094)		(21,888)		
Realized (loss) gain		(59)		2,707		
Unrealized loss		-		(566)		
Transfers in and out of Level 3		-		-		
Ending balance	\$	-	\$	15,153		

Level 3 net realized and unrealized (loss) gain of (\$59) and \$2,141 is included in the Institute's consolidated statement of activities for the years ended June 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

For the year ended June 30, 2014 (In Thousands)

NOTE 4 - FAIR VALUE OF INVESTMENTS - Continued

The following table lists investments in investment companies which are valued at NAV by major category as of June 30, 2013:

	Strategy	NAV	' In Funds	# of Funds	Redemption Terms	Redemption Restrictions	Redemption Restrictions in Place at Year End
Hedge funds / real assets	private market strategies, including investments selected by third party investment managers	\$	15,153	2	Quarterly redemption with 60 days notice.	None	None
		\$	15,153	2			

None of these funds have predetermined remaining life expectancies. The Institute has no unfunded commitments related to these investments as of June 30, 2014 and 2013.

NOTE 5 - CONTRIBUTIONS RECEIVABLE

Unconditional promises to give are included in the consolidated financial statements as contributions receivable and revenue of the appropriate net asset category. Certain promises to give are recorded after discounting, at the prime rate of 3.25%, to the present value of the future cash flows. At June 30, 2014, unconditional promises are expected to be realized in the following period:

In one year or less	\$ 131
Due between one and five years	 209
Total	340
Less discount	 (22)
Net receivable at June 30, 2014	\$ 318

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

For the year ended June 30, 2014 (In Thousands)

NOTE 6 - LONG-TERM OTHER INVESTMENTS

		June 30,					
	20	2013					
Long-term other investments, at cost							
Oil and gas lease rights	\$	112	\$	112			
Improved real estate		39		39			
Unimproved real estate		54		54			
Total	\$	205	\$	205			

NOTE 7 - LAND, BUILDINGS AND EQUIPMENT, NET

Land, buildings and equipment was comprised of the following at June 30, 2014 and 2013:

	June 30,					
		2014		2013		
Land	\$	14,827	\$	14,818		
Buildings and improvements		50,598		50,338		
Equipment		10,992		10,377		
Construction in progress		97		97		
Total land, buildings and equipment		76,514		75,630		
Less accumulated depreciation		(43,940)		(42,509)		
Total land, buildings and equipment, net	\$	32,574	\$	33,121		

NOTE 8 - TAX-SHELTERED SAVINGS PLAN

Effective April 1, 1990, the Institute adopted a tax-sheltered savings plan for its employees. Employees may defer up to \$17.5 annually. The Institute will match 100% of the participant's deferral amount up to \$2.4. Participants are 100% vested in their contributions, the Institute's matching contribution and the non-elective contribution. The Institute's year to date accrued contribution was \$394 and \$402 for the years ended June 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively.

NOTE 9 - RETIREMENT PLAN

The Institute has a defined benefit retirement plan (the "Plan") that covers substantially all of its employees. The benefits are based on years of service and the employee's compensation during employment.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

For the year ended June 30, 2014 (In Thousands)

NOTE 9 - RETIREMENT PLAN - Continued

The Plan was frozen to future benefit accruals effective January 1, 2008. All active participants as of January 1, 2008 are 100% vested in their normal retirement benefit, if eligible.

Amounts related to defined benefit plans recognized in the consolidated financial statements are determined on an actuarial basis. Three of the more critical assumptions in the actuarial calculations are the discount rate for determining the current value of plan benefits, the assumption for the rate of increases in future compensation levels and the expected rate of return on plan assets.

Funded Status

An accumulated pension asset measured against the obligation for pension benefits represents the funded status of a given plan. The funded status of the Institute's sponsored defined benefit plan is presented in the table below as of June 30, 2014 and 2013:

	2014	2013
Change in benefit obligation		
Benefit obligation at beginning of year	\$ 38,957	\$ 39,887
Interest cost	1,804	1,757
Actuarial (gain) loss	2,197	(935)
Benefits paid	 (1,949)	 (1,753)
Benefit obligation at end of year	41,009	38,956
Change in Plan assets	_	
Fair value of Plan assets at beginning of year	35,528	33,139
Actual return gain on Plan assets	6,209	2,542
Employer contribution	1,000	1,600
Benefits paid	(1,949)	(1,753)
Fair value of Plan assets at end of year	 40,788	35,528
Funded status at end of year	\$ (221)	\$ (3,428)
Amount recognized in the consolidated statement of		
activities for change in pension liability	 (3,020)	 (2,946)
Net amount recognized	\$ (3,020)	\$ (2,946)

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

For the year ended June 30, 2014 (In Thousands)

NOTE 9 - RETIREMENT PLAN - Continued

Additional information for the pension plan with an accumulate benefit obligation in excess of plan assets:

	2014	2013
Projected benefit obligation	\$ 41,009	\$ 38,956
Accumulated benefit obligation	\$ 41,009	\$ 38,956
Fair value of Plan assets	\$ 40,788	\$ 35,528
Additional information: Increase in minimum liability included in other	\$ 12,003	\$ 15 ,024
non-operating income	3 12,003	3 13,024
Assumptions Assumptions used to determine benefit obligation at June 30:		
1	2014	2013
Discount rate	4.25%	4.75%
Rate of compensation increase	N/A	N/A
Weighted-average assumptions used to determine net periodic benefit cost for years ended June 30:		
v	2014	2013
Discount rate	4.25%	4.75%
Expected long-term return on plan assets	6.00%	7.25%
Rate of compensation increase	N/A	N/A

Plan Assets

The primary investment objective of the Plan is to generate a long-term rate of return on assets that exceeds selected performance benchmarks for each asset category and the expected rate of return used in the valuation of the benefit obligation. The assumed rate of return on Plan assets represents an estimate of long-term returns available to investors who hold a mixture of equities and fixed income securities and considers returns on comparable asset classes (both historical and forecasted).

Investment allocation as of June 30, 2014 and 2013 is as follows:

	2014	2013
Equity securities	28%	55%
Fixed income securities	72 %	45%
	100%	100%

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

For the year ended June 30, 2014 (In Thousands)

NOTE 9 - RETIREMENT PLAN - Continued

The following table summarizes the valuation of the Plan's investments by the ASC 820 fair value hierarchy levels as of June 30, 2014:

Asset class	I	Level 1		Level 2		Level 3		Total	
Money market funds	\$	-	\$	1,493	\$	-	\$	1,493	
Equity - international		3,526		-		-		3,526	
Equity - large cap domestic	6,317			-		-		6,317	
Fixed income - domestic	29,452			-				29,452	
	\$	39,295	\$	1,493	\$		\$	40,788	

The following table summarizes the valuation of the Plan's investments by the ASC 820 fair value hierarchy levels as of June 30, 2013:

Asset class	I	Level 1		Level 2		el 3	Total	
Money market funds	\$	=	\$	942	\$	-	\$	942
Equity - international		6,354		-		-		6,354
Equity - large cap domestic		18,634		-		-		18,634
Fixed income - domestic		9,598		-		_		9,598
	\$	34,586	\$	942	\$		\$	35,528

The Plan may invest in equities and fixed income assets, subject to standards of fiduciary prudence for a defined benefit pension plan portfolio. The current long-term investment allocation target and maximum allocation are both 25% equities and 75% fixed income. Investments are diversified according to economic sector, industry, number of holdings and other investment characteristics to minimize risk exposure.

The Institute was not required to make a contribution to the Plan for fiscal year ended June 30, 2014.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

For the year ended June 30, 2014 (In Thousands)

NOTE 9 - RETIREMENT PLAN - Continued

Estimated future benefit payments for vested participants, based on actuarial assumptions, are as follows:

Year ending June 30,	
2015	\$ 1,996
2016	\$ 2,105
2017	\$ 2,187
2018	\$ 2,263
2019	\$ 2,318
2020-2024	\$ 12,169

NOTE 10 - CHARITABLE GIFT ANNUITY FUND

The Institute offers a charitable remainder annuities program for those who desire to donate. Institute annuities are written under authority granted to it by the Insurance Commissioner of the State of California. Annuity assets are held by a bank trustee with a reserve adequate to meet estimated future payments under its outstanding annuity contracts. Payments are made from these assets to the annuity beneficiary in accordance with the contract. The gift annuity liabilities are based on the present value of future payments. Contracts issued prior to January 1, 2005, are discounted at 6% and used estimated lives according to the 1983 Group Annuity Mortality Tables. Contracts issued after January 1, 2005 are discounted at 4.5% and use the Annuity 2000 Mortality Table. Due to the separate entity concept inherent in these types of gifts, the Institute produces separate financial statements for this fund. However, the Institute is required to reflect its beneficial interest in annuity contracts in its consolidated financial statements.

NOTE 11 - ENDOWMENT FUNDS

In August 2008, the FASB issued new accounting guidance on endowments of not-for-profit organizations within ASC 205. This guidance provides for not-for-profit organizations on the net asset classifications of donor-restricted endowment funds subject to an enacted version of the Uniform Prudent Management of Institutional Funds Act of 2006 ("UPMIFA"). In addition, the guidance requires enhanced disclosures for all endowment funds. California adopted UPMIFA effective January 1, 2009. The Institute adopted the accounting standard for the year ended June 30, 2009. There is no impact of the adoption as the Institute has historically recognized all investment income into temporarily restricted net assets and releases the restriction as amounts are spent.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

For the year ended June 30, 2014 (In Thousands)

NOTE 11 - ENDOWMENT FUNDS - Continued

The Board of Directors has interpreted UPMIFA as requiring the preservation of the original gift as of the gift date of the donor-restricted endowment funds absent explicit donor stipulations to the contrary. As a result of this interpretation, the Institute classifies as permanently restricted net assets, (a) the original value of gifts donated to the permanent endowment, (b) the original value of subsequent gifts to the permanent endowment, and (c) accumulations to the permanent endowment made in accordance with the direction of the applicable donor gift instrument at the time the accumulation is added to the fund.

The remaining portion of the donor-restricted endowment fund that is not classified in permanently restricted net assets is classified as temporarily restricted net assets until those amounts are appropriated for expenditure by the Institution in a manner consistent with the standards of prudence prescribed by UPMIFA. In accordance with UPMIFA, the Institute considers the following factors in making a determination to appropriate or accumulate donor-restricted endowment funds:

- The duration and preservation of the fund
- The purposes of the Institute and the donor-restricted endowment fund
- General economic conditions
- The possible effect of inflation and deflation
- The expected total return from income and the appreciation of investments
- Other resources of the Institute
- The investment policies of the Institute

The following is the endowment net asset composition by type of fund as of June 30, 2014:

	Unrestr	ricted	Temporarily Restricted		nanently stricted	 Total	
Donor-restricted endowment funds	\$		\$		\$ 12,898	\$ 12,898	
Total endowment funds	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 12,898	\$ 12,898	

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

For the year ended June 30, 2014 (In Thousands)

NOTE 11 - ENDOWMENT FUNDS - Continued

Changes in endowment net assets for the year ended June 30, 2014 are as follows:

	Un	restricted		Femporarily Permanently Restricted Restricted		J		Total
Endowment net assets,								
beginning of year	\$	-	\$	-	\$	12,729	\$	12,729
Investment return:								
Interest and dividend								
income		-		269		-		269
Net realized and unrealized								
gains		-		1,312		169		1,481
Bequests and contributions		_		-		-		-
Net assets released from								
restriction		1,581		(1,581)		-		-
Endowment net assets, end of			-				-	
year	\$	1,581	\$	_	\$	12,898	\$	14,479

NOTE 12 - NET ASSETS

At June 30, 2014, total temporarily restricted net assets of approximately \$14,762 are available for programs and services such as adult education and counseling, low vision rehabilitation services, library services, community outreach, Braille publishing, and child development. For the year ended June 30, 2014, \$4,360 was released from restriction by incurring expenses satisfying the restricted purpose or by occurrence of other events specified by donors.

At June 30, 2014, permanently restricted net assets of \$12,898 are held in endowment and when investment income is earned on these funds, it is made available for programs and services as noted herein.

NOTE 13 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

In the normal course of operations, the Institute is named as a defendant in lawsuits and is subject to periodic examinations by regulatory agencies. After consultation with legal counsel, management is of the opinion that liabilities, if any, arising from such litigation and examinations would not have a material effect on the Institute's consolidated financial position.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

For the year ended June 30, 2014 (In Thousands)

NOTE 14 - FUNCTIONAL EXPENSES

The functional expenses for June 30, 2014 and 2013 are as follows:

	Library Services	Educational Programs and Services	Braille Publishing	Public Education	Administration and General Operations	Philanthropy (Fund-Raising)	Total Current Operating Expenditures 2014	Total Current Operating Expenditures 2013
Salaries	\$ 1,191	\$ 6,896	\$ 419	\$ 223	\$ 1,368	\$ 1,317	\$ 11,414	\$ 11,194
Employment benefits	487	2,706	150	165	496	581	4,585	5,107
Community relations	22	112	-	319	-	18	471	402
Contract labor, recruitment and training	97	411	48	15	94	59	724	554
Direct mail/Consulting	-	11	-	57	-	1,045	1,113	1,015
Dues, subscriptions and meetings	9	62	4	5	83	27	190	212
Instructional programs, services and supplies	95	455	-	-	-	-	550	500
Materials and supplies	38	88	9	8	114	21	278	308
Plant and equipment maintenance	670	630	156	38	182	162	1,838	1,532
Professional services	-	-	-	-	189	-	189	316
Publications	31	-	101	199	-	61	392	422
Travel and transportation	7	490	2	-	11	12	522	566
Utilities, taxes and insurance	412	1,372	110	110	67	43	2,114	1,882
Less: Braille publishing income					_			(36)
Total before depreciation expenses	3,059	13,233	999	1,139	2,604	3,346	24,380	23,974
Depreciation expense	594	716	5	18	37	83	1,453	1,546
Total functional expenses	\$ 3,653	\$ 13,949	\$ 1,004	\$ 1,157	\$ 2,641	\$ 3,429	\$ 25,833	\$ 25,520

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

For the year ended June 30, 2014 (In Thousands)

NOTE 15 - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The Institute evaluated its June 30, 2014 consolidated financial statements for subsequent events through September 5, 2014, the date the consolidated financial statements were available to be issued. The Institute is not aware of any subsequent events which would require recording or disclosure in the consolidated financial statements.